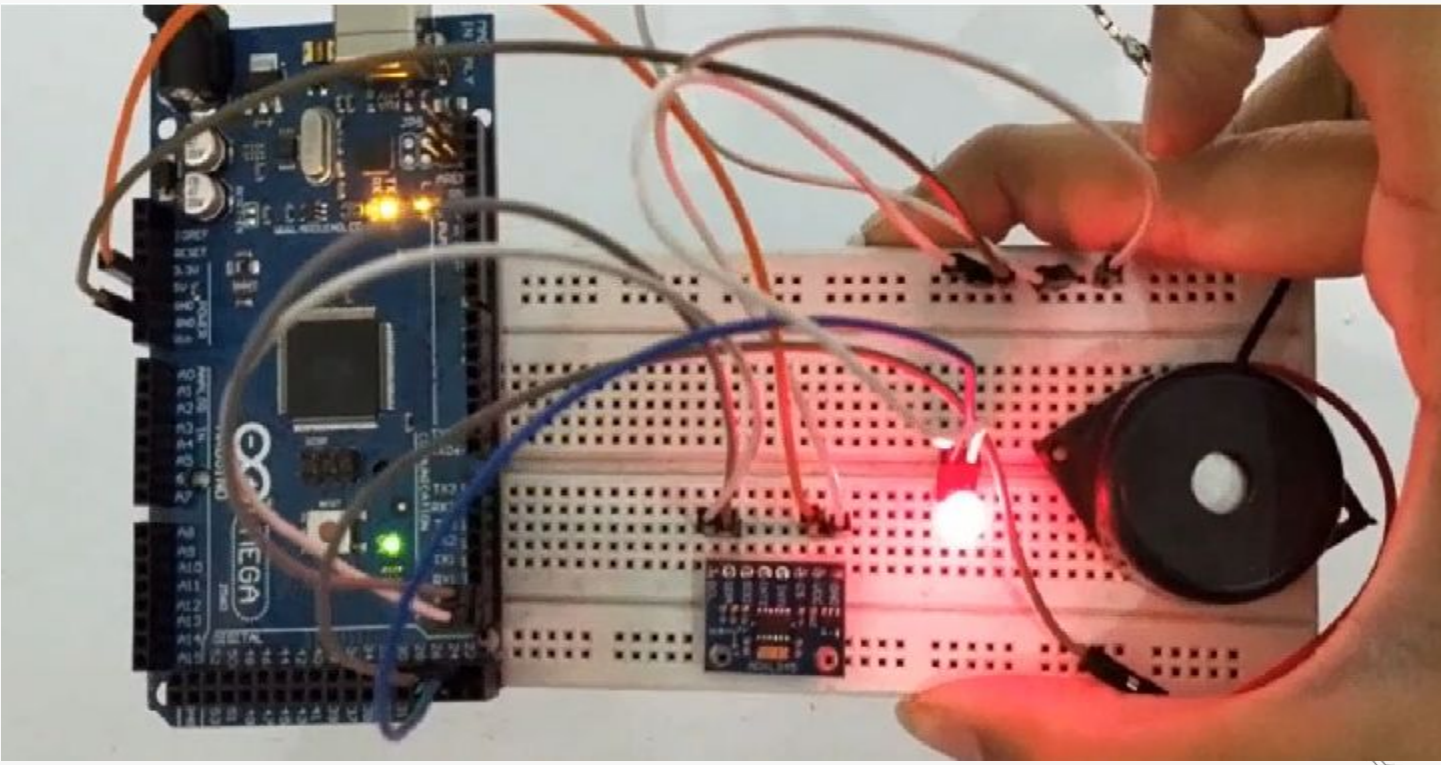
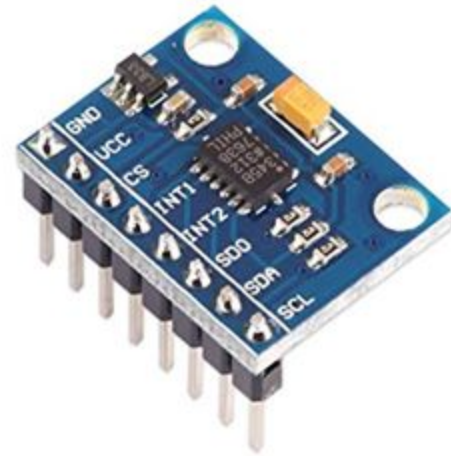


# Earthquake Detector



# Accelerometer(ADXL345)

- The ADXL345 is a small, thin, ultralow power, 3-axis accelerometer with high resolution (13-bit) measurement at up to  $\pm 16$  g.
- Digital output data is formatted as 16-bit two's complement and is accessible through either a SPI (3- or 4-wire) or I2C digital interface.
- The ADXL345 is well suited for mobile device applications. It measures the static acceleration of gravity in tilt-sensing applications, as well as dynamic acceleration resulting from motion or shock.



# Working of Accelerometer

- This is a 3-axis accelerometer which can measure both static and dynamic forces of acceleration.
- The unit of measurement for acceleration is meter per second squared ( $m/s^2$ ). However, accelerometer sensors usually express the measurements in “g” or gravity. One “g” is the value of the earth gravitational force which is equal to 9.8 meters per second squared.
- So, if we have an accelerometer positioned flat, with its Z-axis pointing upwards, opposite to the gravitational force, the Z-axis output of the sensor will be 1g. On the other hand, the X and Y outputs will be zero, because the gravitational force is perpendicular to these axes and doesn't affect them at all.

# Working of project

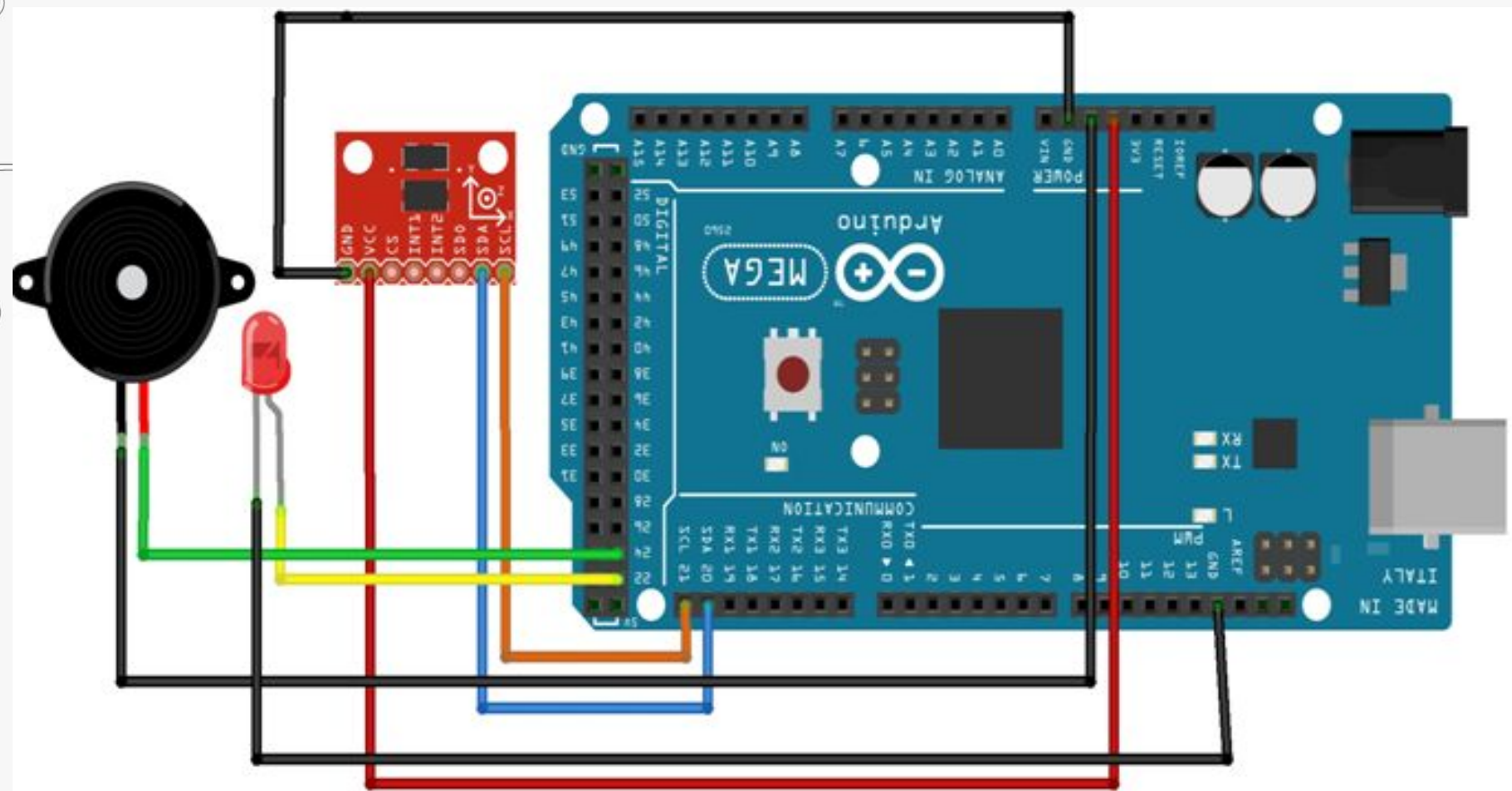
In this project we will learn how to design Arduino Earthquake Detector Alarm with ADXL345. We have used ADXL345 3 axis Accelerometer as a sensor for detecting tilting, trembling or any shaking movement of earthquake. We have interfaced ADXL335 Accelerometer with Arduino and buzzer which creates alarm as Arduino Earthquake Detector Alarm .

# Components required

- Arduino mega
- ADXL345 Accelerometer
- Big buzzer
- LED
- Bread board
- Jumper wires



# Connection Diagram



# Connections

1. Connect SDA pin of ADXL345 with 20 pin of Arduino.
2. Connect SCL pin of ADXL345 with 21 pin of Arduino.
3. Connect its Vcc with Arduino (+5V).
4. Connect its GND with Arduino GND.
5. Connect LED's positive with 22 pin of Arduino and its negative with GND pin of Arduino.
6. Connect Buzzer's positive with 24 pin of Arduino and its negative with GND pin of Arduino.



# Code

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```
#include <ADXL345.h>
```

```
ADXL345 adxl; //variable adxl is an instance of the ADXL345 library
```

```
void setup(){
```

```
  Serial.begin(9600);  
  adxl.powerOn();  
  pinMode(22,OUTPUT);  
  pinMode(24,OUTPUT);
```

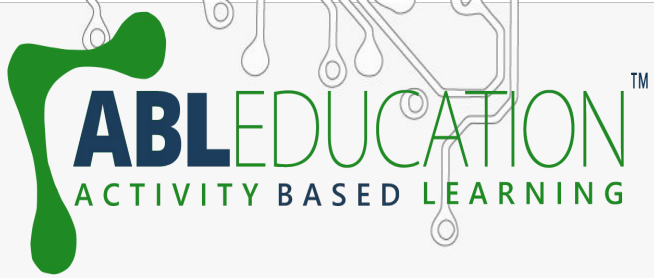
```
  //set activity/ inactivity thresholds (0-255)  
  adxl.setActivityThreshold(75); //62.5mg per increment  
  adxl.setInactivityThreshold(75); //62.5mg per increment  
  adxl.setTimeInactivity(10); // how many seconds of no activity is inactive?
```

```
  //look of activity movement on this axes - 1 == on; 0 == off  
  adxl.setActivityX(1);  
  adxl.setActivityY(1);  
  adxl.setActivityZ(1);
```

```
  //look of inactivity movement on this axes - 1 == on; 0 == off  
  adxl.setInactivityX(1);  
  adxl.setInactivityY(1);  
  adxl.setInactivityZ(1);
```

```
  //look of tap movement on this axes - 1 == on; 0 == off
```





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```
//look of activity movement on this axes - 1 == on; 0 == off
adxl.setActivityX(1);
adxl.setActivityY(1);
adxl.setActivityZ(1);

//look of inactivity movement on this axes - 1 == on; 0 == off
adxl.setInactivityX(1);
adxl.setInactivityY(1);
adxl.setInactivityZ(1);

//look of tap movement on this axes - 1 == on; 0 == off
adxl.setTapDetectionOnX(0);
adxl.setTapDetectionOnY(0);
adxl.setTapDetectionOnZ(1);

//set values for what is a tap, and what is a double tap (0-255)
adxl.setTapThreshold(50); //62.5mg per increment
adxl.setTapDuration(15); //625us per increment
adxl.setDoubleTapLatency(80); //1.25ms per increment
adxl.setDoubleTapWindow(200); //1.25ms per increment

//set values for what is considered freefall (0-255)
adxl.setFreeFallThreshold(7); //(5 - 9) recommended - 62.5mg per increment
adxl.setFreeFallDuration(45); //(20 - 70) recommended - 5ms per increment

//setting all interrupts to take place on int pin 1
//I had issues with int pin 2, was unable to reset it
```



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```
//setting all interrupts to take place on int pin 1
//I had issues with int pin 2, was unable to reset it
adxl.setInterruptMapping( ADXL345_INT_SINGLE_TAP_BIT, ADXL345_INT1_PIN );
adxl.setInterruptMapping( ADXL345_INT_DOUBLE_TAP_BIT, ADXL345_INT1_PIN );
adxl.setInterruptMapping( ADXL345_INT_FREE_FALL_BIT, ADXL345_INT1_PIN );
adxl.setInterruptMapping( ADXL345_INT_ACTIVITY_BIT, ADXL345_INT1_PIN );
adxl.setInterruptMapping( ADXL345_INT_INACTIVITY_BIT, ADXL345_INT1_PIN );

//register interrupt actions - 1 == on; 0 == off
adxl.setInterrupt( ADXL345_INT_SINGLE_TAP_BIT, 1);
adxl.setInterrupt( ADXL345_INT_DOUBLE_TAP_BIT, 1);
adxl.setInterrupt( ADXL345_INT_FREE_FALL_BIT, 1);
adxl.setInterrupt( ADXL345_INT_ACTIVITY_BIT, 1);
adxl.setInterrupt( ADXL345_INT_INACTIVITY_BIT, 1);
}

void loop(){

//Boring accelerometer stuff
int x,y,z;
adxl.readXYZ(&x, &y, &z); //read the accelerometer values and store them in variables x,y,z
// Output x,y,z values
Serial.print("values of X , Y , Z: ");
Serial.print(x);
Serial.print(" , ");
Serial.print(y);
Serial.print(" , ");
Serial.print(z);
}
```

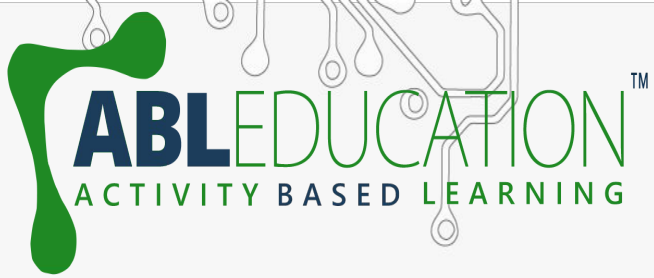


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```
#include <ADXL345.h>
ADXL345 adxl;

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  adxl.readXYZ(&x, &y, &z); //read the accelerometer values and store them in variables x,y,z
  // Output x,y,z values
  Serial.print("values of X , Y , Z: ");
  Serial.print(x);
  Serial.print(" , ");
  Serial.print(y);
  Serial.print(" , ");
  Serial.println(z);

  double xyz[3];
  double ax,ay,az;
  adxl.getAcceleration(xyz);
  ax = xyz[0];
  ay = xyz[1];
  az = xyz[2];
  Serial.print("X=");
  Serial.print(ax);
  Serial.println(" g");
  Serial.print("Y=");
  Serial.print(ay);
  Serial.println(" g");
  Serial.print("Z=");
  Serial.print(az);
  Serial.println(" g");
  Serial.println("*****");
  delay(1000);
  if (ay<-0.57 | ax<-0.57)
```



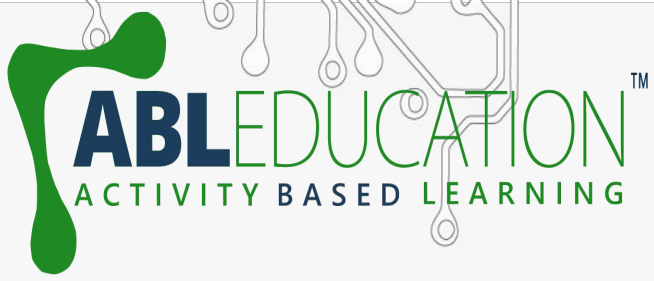
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```
Serial.println("g");  
Serial.print("Y=");  
Serial.print(ay);  
  Serial.println(" g");  
Serial.print("Z=");  
Serial.print(az);  
  Serial.println(" g");  
Serial.println("*****");  
delay(1000);  
if(ay<-0.57||ax<-0.57)  
{  
  digitalWrite(22,1);  
  digitalWrite(24,1);  
  delay(200);  
  Serial.println("first loop");  
}  
else if(ax>0.57||ay>0.57)  
{  
  digitalWrite(22,1);  
  digitalWrite(24,1); Serial.println("second loop");  
  delay(200);  
}  
else {  
  digitalWrite(22,0);  
  
  digitalWrite(24,0);  
}  
}
```



**Project Link :** <https://youtu.be/xVdbXf8STaY>